

From Early Warning to Early Action

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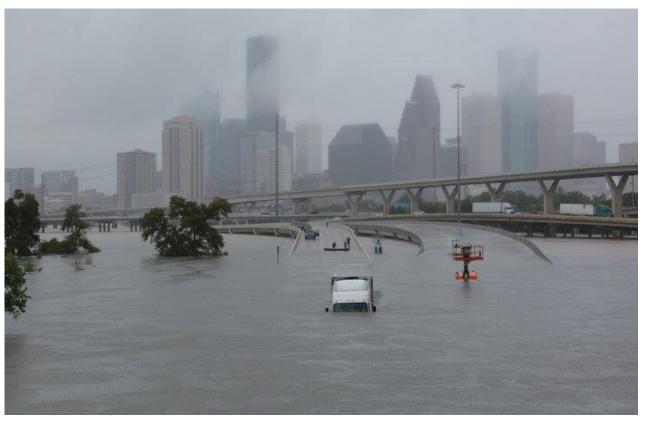
Delft Software Days 7 November 2018





Hurricane Harvey (2017) (US\$ 125 miljard)





Flooding in Houston, Texas

3 times more likely due to climate change



Heat in Western Europe (2017)





Forest fires related to heat in Portugal

2 to 10 times more likely due to climate change



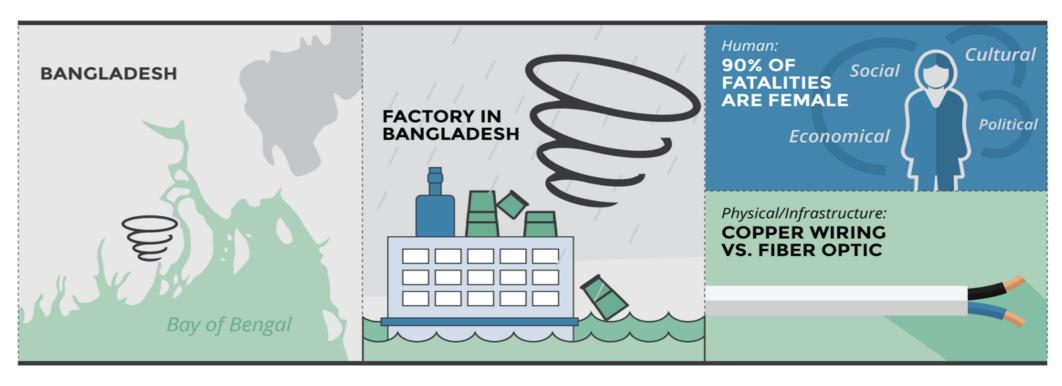
Typhoon Haiyan (Philippines, 2013)



- 6000 casualties, 93% by storm surge
- what to prepare for?



HAZARD, EXPOSURE & VULNERABILITY TO CLIMATE RISK



Hazard refers to the possible, future occurrence of natural or human-induced physical events that may have adverse effects on vulnerable and exposed elements. **Exposure** refers to the inventory of elements in an area in which hazard events may occur (i.e. factory, workers, transport logistics, etc.)

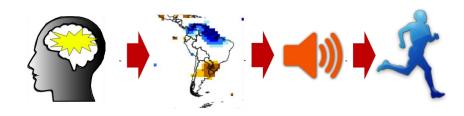
Vulnerability refers to the underlying weaknesses that exacerbate risk. For example, intersecting inequalities in societies magnify risk for marginalized communities including women.





Which forecasts are useful for humanitarian decisions?

What kind of early actions should be taken in the



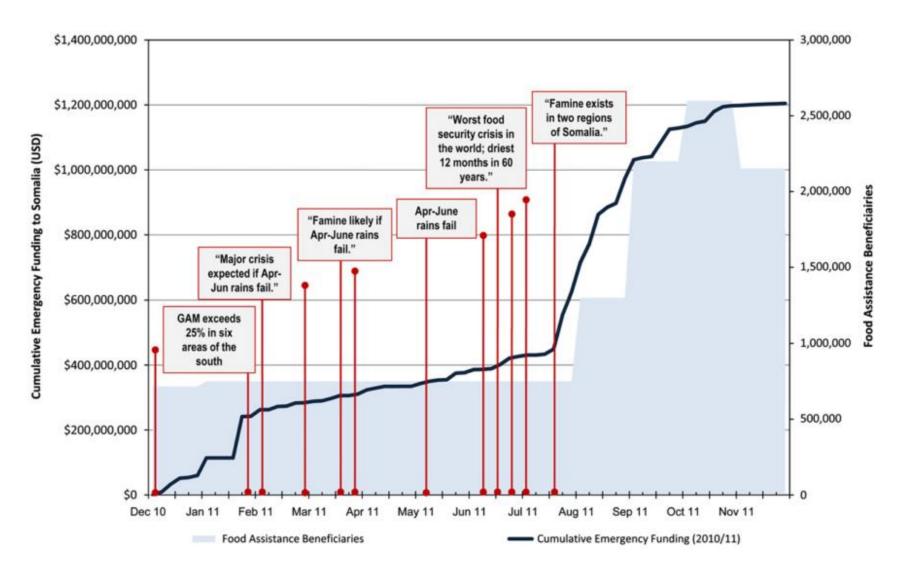
Short-term?

Medium-term?

Long-term?



Somalia 2011





NEWS

JOBS

FUNDING

RECRUITMENT

EVENTS





SIGN IN

Latest news

News search

Newsletters

Focus areas

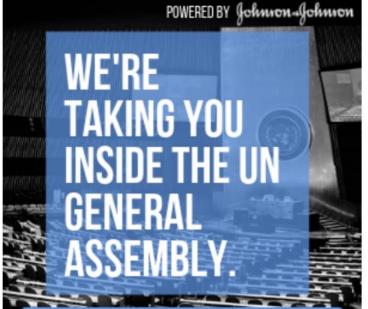
For Professional Members For Executive Members

INSIDE DEVELOPMENT | INNOVATIVE FINANCING

Could we deliver aid before a disaster strikes?

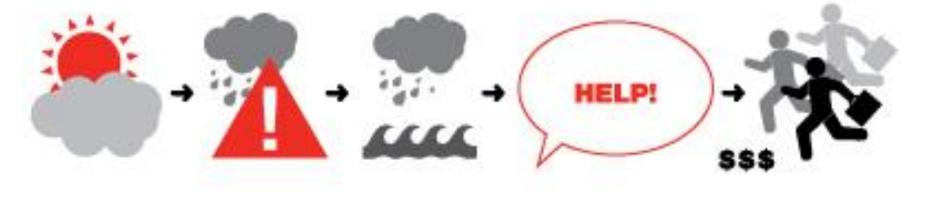
By **Burton Bollag** // 01 August 2018



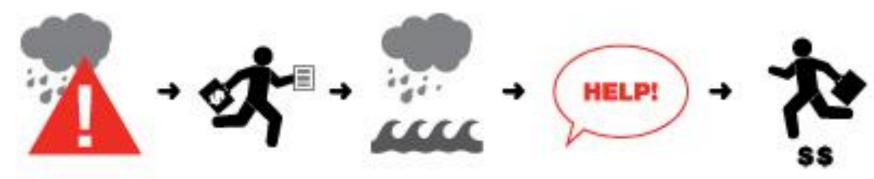


Forecast-based Financing

Present situation



Our vision



Key components of Forecast-based Financing:





Triggers



Selection of Actions



Financing Mechanism

Matching forecasts and risks

Reducing the impact

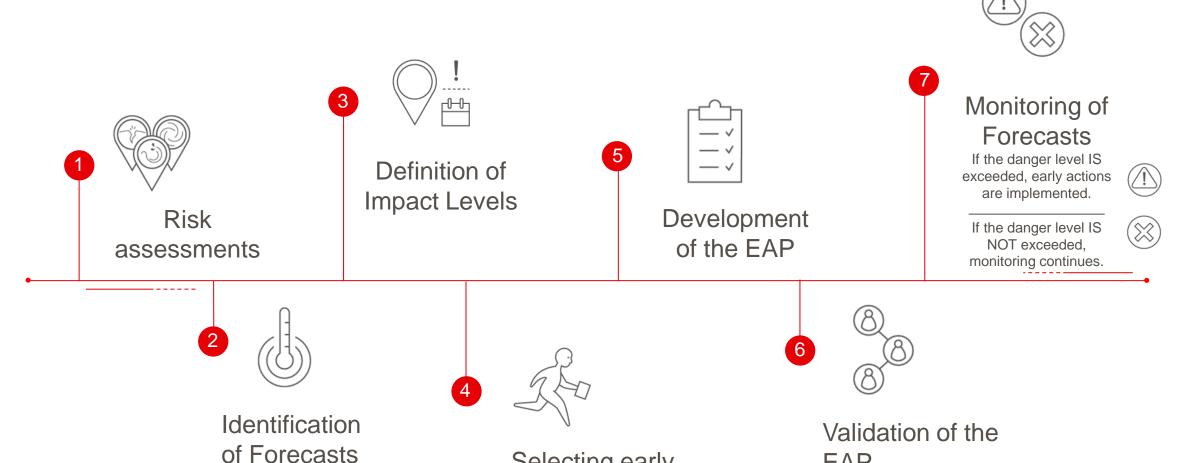
Automatic allocation of funds



Early Action Protocol (EAP)

The implementation mechanism: 7 steps from analysis to activation





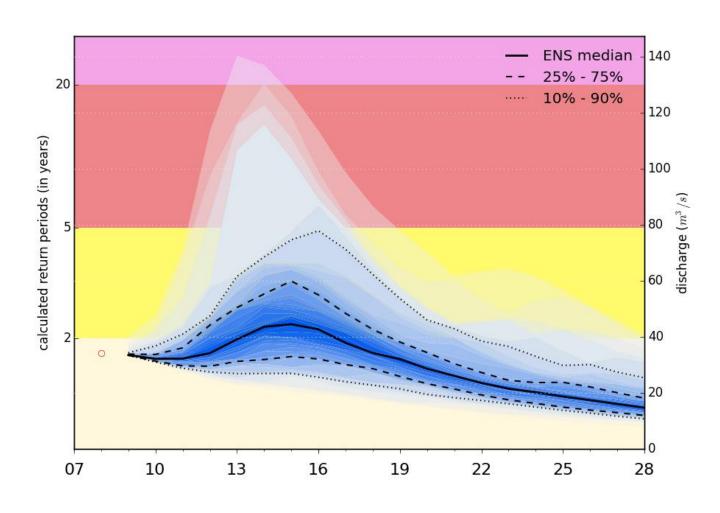
Selecting early

actions

EAP



GloFAS in Uganda

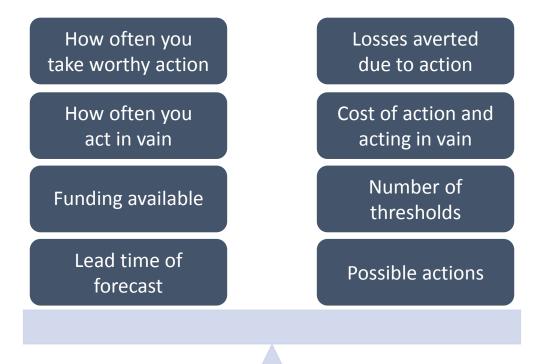






Threshold: How do you decide?

Considerations





Pilot project: Bangladesh Floods 2017





- Bangladesh is extremely prone to disasters due to its geophysical setting. The country is low-lying and flat with huge inland water bodies, including some of the biggest rivers in the world.
- Flooding is an annual recurring event. While the population, knows how to deal with the impact of those annual rainfalls to some extent, in some years the floods are so extreme that millions of households are severely affected.
- The floods impact water and sanitation, and increase the risk of spreading diseases. Many families are forced to sell their livestock in order to pay for the evacuation, rations and healthcare.





communities



Pilot project: Bangladesh Floods 2017 Bogra





5-day forecast

Thresholds exceeded for Rainfall in Kamalpur, Kazla, Bhandarbari 3, 6/7



Activation of EAP

Early warning messages issued to the population

1039 families receive cash transfers of 5000 Taka



Pilot project: Bangladesh Floods 2017 Bogra





Community	Trigger reached	Cash distributed	Ahead of flood peak	Duration of flood above DL	Peak above danger level
Kamalpur	04 July	07 July	7 days	14 days	98 cm
Bhandarbari 6&7	06 July	10 July	4 days	10 days	55 cm
Kazla	06 July	08 July	5 days	5.5 days	31 cm
Bhandarbari 3	09 July	11 July	3 days	4 days	15 cm



Pilot project: Bangladesh Floods 2017 Bogra





Alefa Katun, 40

cash.
I bought fodder for my
cows and could
evacuate them. Without
the cash, I would have
had to sell them, but
they are good cows,
they deliver good milk
and are very healthy.

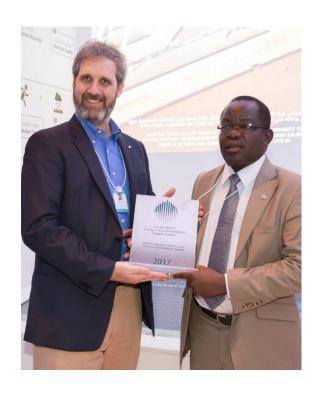
I am so grateful for the

Impact Evaluation

- Rate of families who lost livestock 40% lower in FbF communities
- Rate of families who had to take up a highinterest loan 50% lower in FbF communities

Critical success factors:

ownership and communication







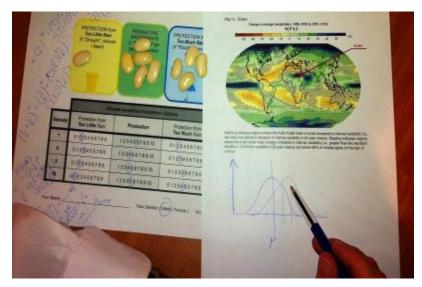
Serious Games about rising risks



from local villages ...



... to the White House



... and with Lead Authors of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)

Rapid growth

• 20+ countries

INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION

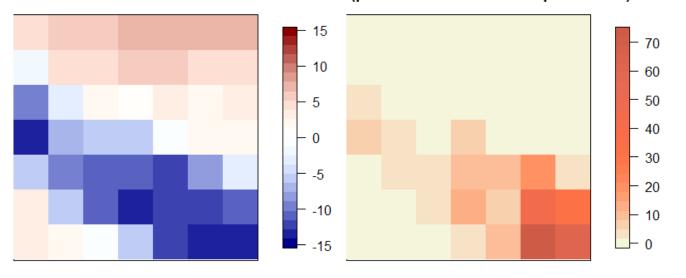
- New funding instruments
- New partnerships



Our partners: American Red Cross, Australian Red Cross, Belgian Red Cross, British Red Cross, Danish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, Netherlands Red Cross, the Red Cross / Red Crescent Climate Centre, WFP, FAO, WMO, OCHA, Welthungerhilfe, GFDRR, ODI and research initiatives (WISER, SHEAR; FATHUM, ForPAC)

Next steps: SCALE... plus:

Towards more impact forecasting



Impact forecast

(percent of livestock lost per district)



And identifying the right balance between structural measures, preparedness, forecast-based action and enhanced response



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