

Forecasting the Mississippi River During Hurricane Season







Overview

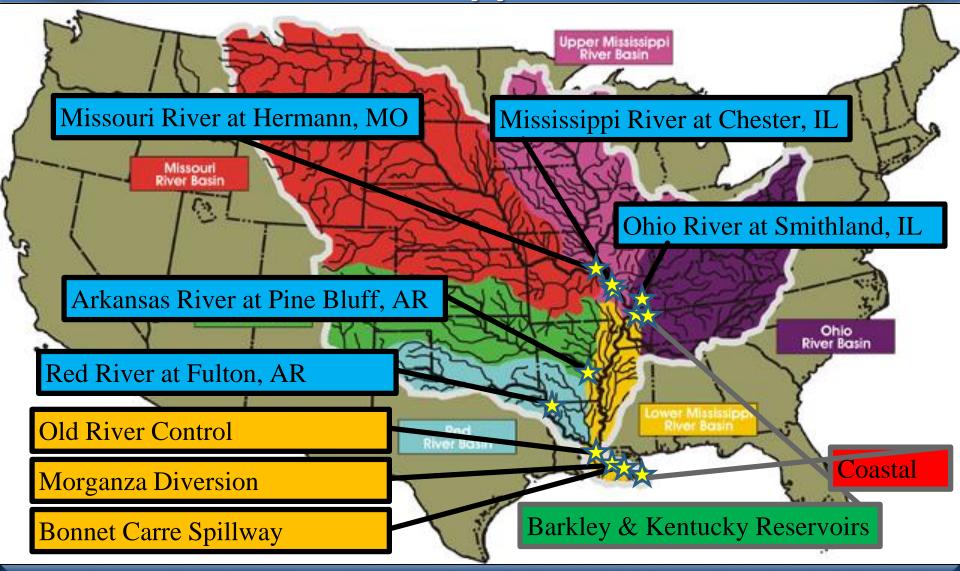


- The Greater Mississippi River Basin.
- Regulation/Flood Control.
- Hurricane Storm Surge Forecasts.



Major Tributaries of the Mississippi River





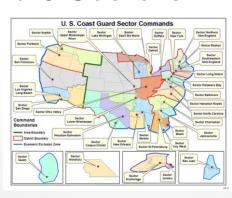


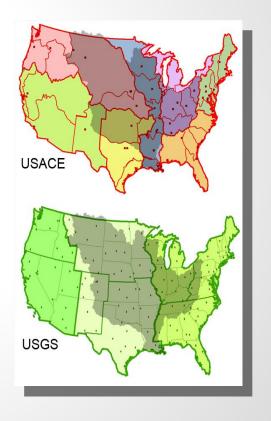
Partners Involved in Lower Mississippi River Forecast Coordination



■Inter-Agency Coordination

- ❖NWS 4 Upstream RFCs / 3 WFOs
- ***USACE 3 Divisions and 7 Districts**
- **❖TVA Tennessee River**
- USGS 12 District Offices
- USCG 1 District and 9 Sectors
- FEMA 3 Regions
- State Ems
- Navigation
- HAZMAT
- More



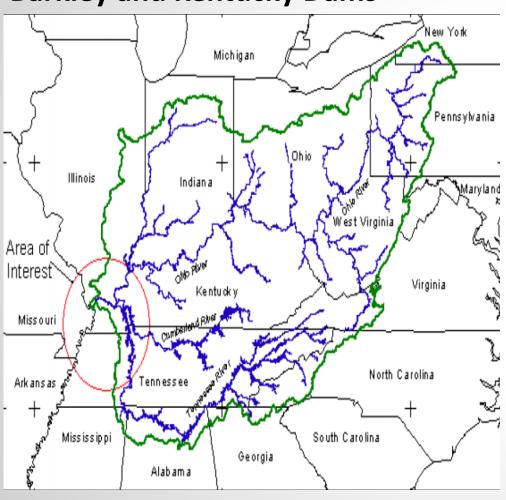




USACE Flood Control Operations



Barkley and Kentucky Dams



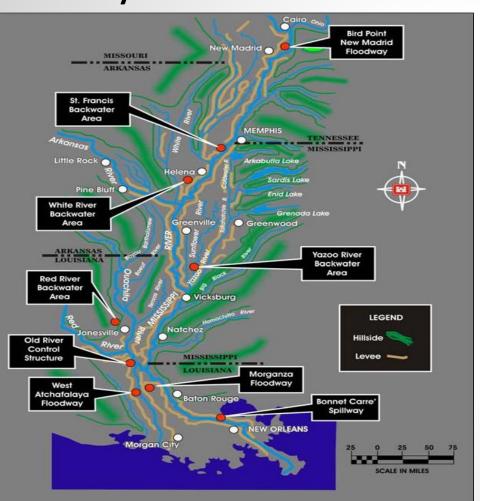
- When Cairo, IL gage exceeds 40 ft, USACE manages both lakes to minimize flood impacts on Ohio/Mississippi River and upstream of lakes.
- If storage allows, discharges can be managed to reduce crest at Cairo by several feet.



USACE Flood Control Operations



Floodways and Backwater Areas



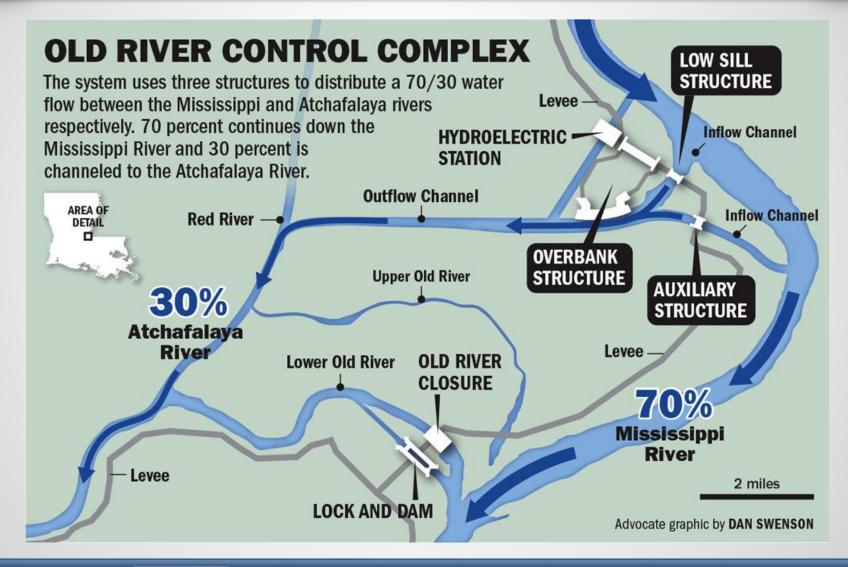
- Birds Point New Madrid Floodway reduces stages at Cairo, IL
- Backwater areas store flow and reduce stages on the Mississippi River
- Old River Control Structure distributes water between the Mississippi and Atchafalaya Rivers
- Morganza reduces stages for Baton Rouge through New Orleans
- Bonnet Carre reduces stages for Reserve & New Orleans





Old River Control Structure







Morganza Spillway Operation





- Operational Trigger is 1.5 MCFS passing Tarbert Landing.
- Regulates stages to 45
 ft at Baton Rouge with ~
 2 ft of freeboard.
- Designed to pass up to 600 KCFS.
- Operated twice since construction in 1954 in 1973 and 2011.



Bonnet Carre Spillway Operation





- Operational
 Trigger is 1.25
 MCFS passing
 New Orleans.
- Regulates stages to 17 ft at New Orleans.
- Operated 15 times since construction in 1931 (7 times since 2008).
- Designed to pass
 ~250 KCFS



Hurricane Surge Impacts





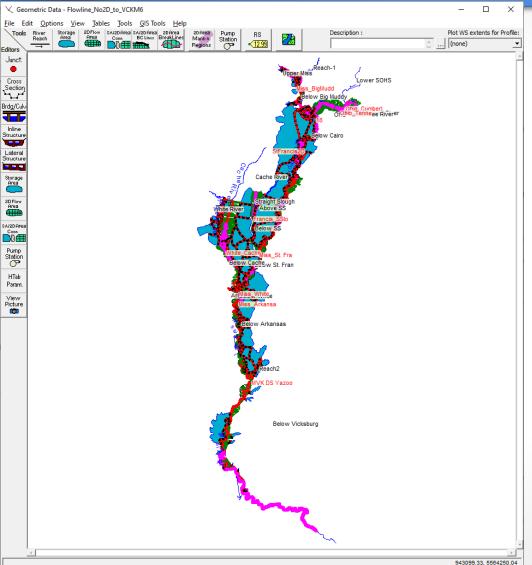
Hurricane Betsy, September 11, 1965

- Hurricane Surges occur rapidly causing ship groundings.
 - Numerous flood gates and docks must be closed which takes time to complete.
 USACE needs 3-5 days lead time.



HEC-RAS Model



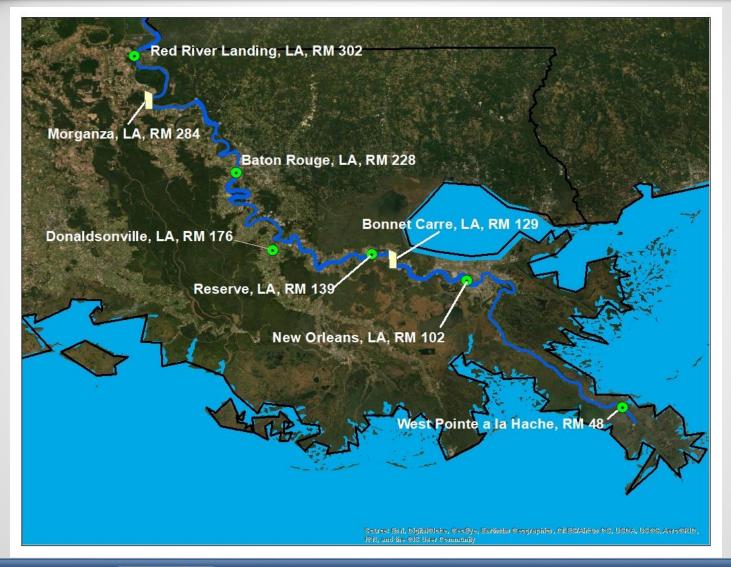


- 1-D USACE HEC-RAS Unsteady Flow Model.
- 22 Dynamic Tributaries and lateral inflows/outflows.
- Coordinate regulation scenarios for the major dams/diversions with TSCHNG modifiers.
- Select Coastal Boundary via a TS-Option Modifier at West Point a la Hache, LA.



Mississippi River Hurricane Surge Zone







Coastal Boundary Data



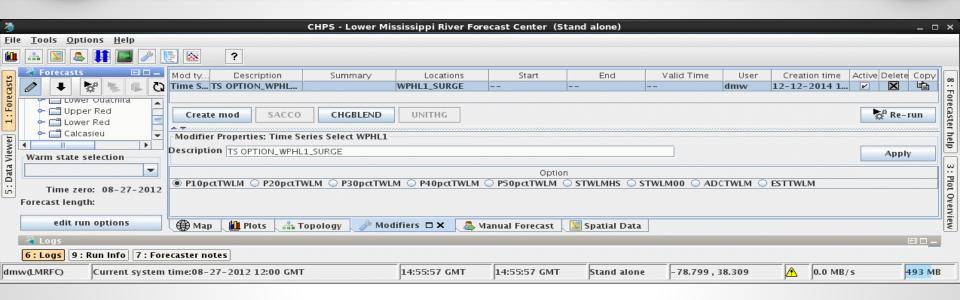
- National Ocean Service Tide (default)
- National Ocean Service ESTOFS (ADCIRC)
- National Weather Service P-ETSS (SLOSH) (10/20/30/40/50 Pct Exceedances)
- National Hurricane Center PSURGE (SLOSH) (10/20/30/40 Pct Exceedances)
- Louisiana State University ADCIRC (NHC/50/100% left/right of NHC track)
- Local library of 1,500 Hypothetical storms (SLOSH)
- Direction of Storm: W, WNW, NW, NNW, N, NNE, NE, ENE, E
- Size of Storm (RMW): 25, 40 nm
- ➤ Intensity (Saffir Simpson category): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- Forward Speed: 5, 15, 28 kt
- Track Offset: nm left, right of New Orleans



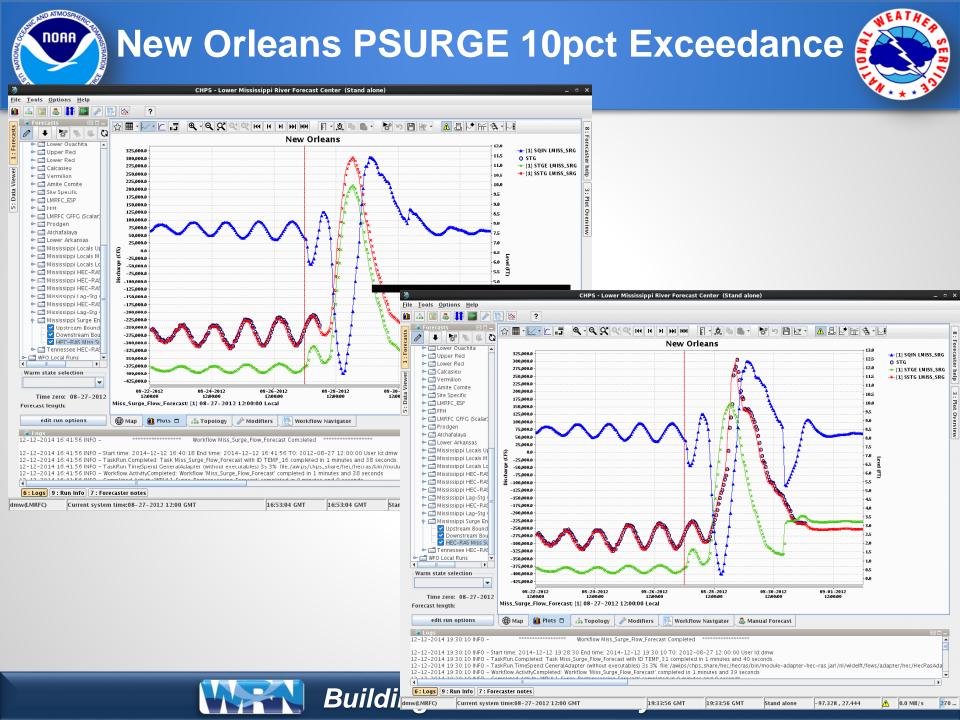


Mississippi River at New Orleans Surge





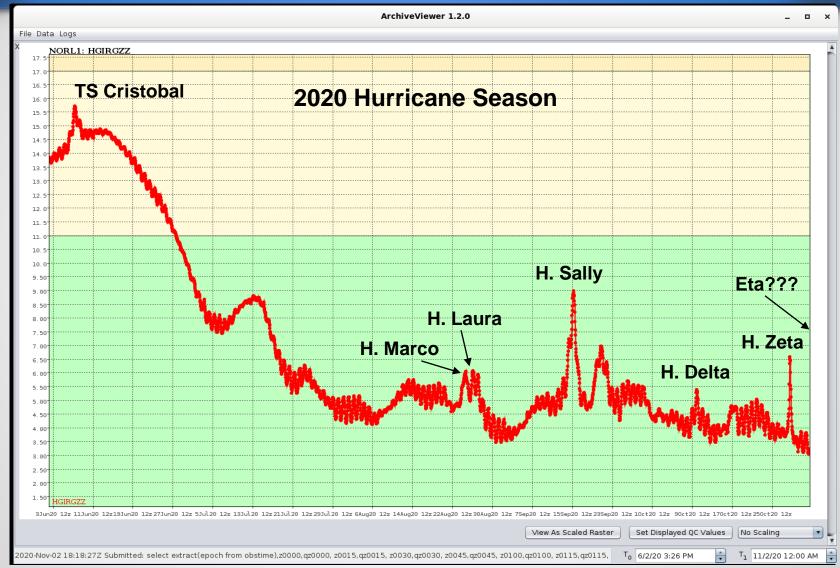
Downstream Boundary selection via a TS_Option Modifier at West Pointe a la Hache, LA





Notable Storm Surges

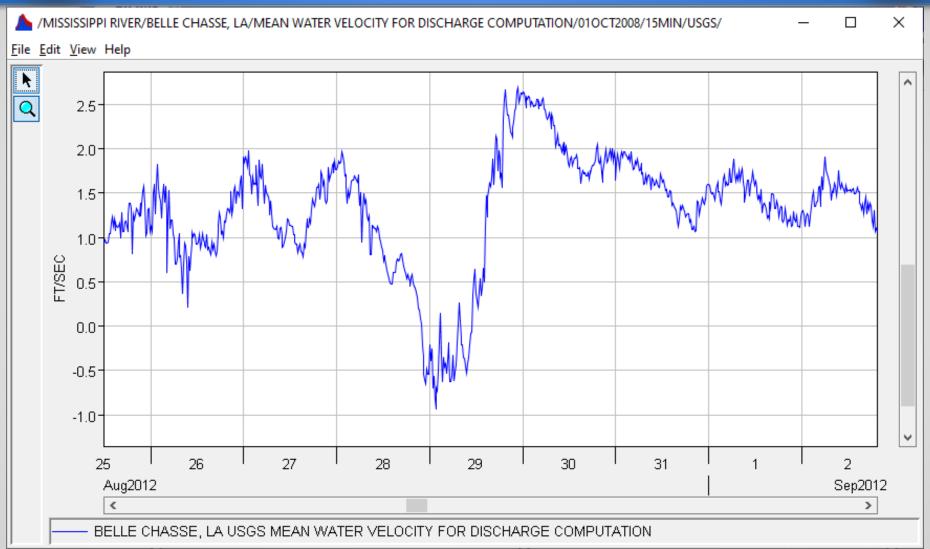






Discharge and Velocity with Surge







Questions



